



Short Sale vs. Foreclosure: Which is the Better Option?

Losing your home to foreclosure due to an inability to keep up with your monthly payments is one of life's most unpleasant experiences. It is also an event that keeps on affecting you long after your home has been foreclosed on by devastating your credit score. Regrettably, most people cannot be 100% sure that they will remain safe from foreclosure because they can't foresee the unexpected. Occurrences such as serious illness, a major accident, divorce or job loss can happen to anyone. So it's a good idea to understand the available alternatives should the worst occur.

Of all available options, foreclosure is the worst. The inevitable result of a foreclosure is the lender taking your house. Not only will you lose your house, but the lender can get a judgment against you for the arrearages you owe plus his costs for the foreclosure action. If that isn't enough, your credit report will be in terminal condition for many years to come, worsening an already bad financial situation and making it very difficult to obtain any other kind of credit. There is no upside to foreclosure. It should be avoided at all costs.

Consider a short sale when foreclosure seems inevitable. A short sale is a popular option for homeowners mired down with financial problems. In this case, you would sell your home for less than what you owe your lender; the biggest problem you will face is getting your lender to agree to a short sale. Experts advise pursuing this option the minute you realize that you are falling behind in your payments and most likely won't be able to catch up.

Short sale has disadvantages too. While a short sale will save you from foreclosure, it will also have a negative effect on your credit score, frequently lowering it by as much as 200 points. This can be overcome more quickly than the black mark of a foreclosure, especially if you manage to retain one or two credit cards and keep them current. Perhaps equally distressing, the Internal Revenue Service frequently deemed the difference between the mortgage balance and the amount realized from the short sale to be taxable as income despite the fact that the debtor never saw a dime of it. There is new federal legislation called the Mortgage Forgiveness Relief Act Of 2007 that went into effect on January 1st, 2008. The new act essentially eliminates this problem.

There are options other than foreclosure. Please contact me for a free consultation.

Sandy Troia
831-635-6724
sandy@sandytroia.com

Website
www.sandytroia.com
Email
sandy@sandytroia.com